

Overall Morningstar® Rating

Class I risk-adjusted returns. As of 03/31/25<sup>1</sup> Out of 260 Nontraditional Bond Funds.

### Voya Strategic Income Opportunities Fund

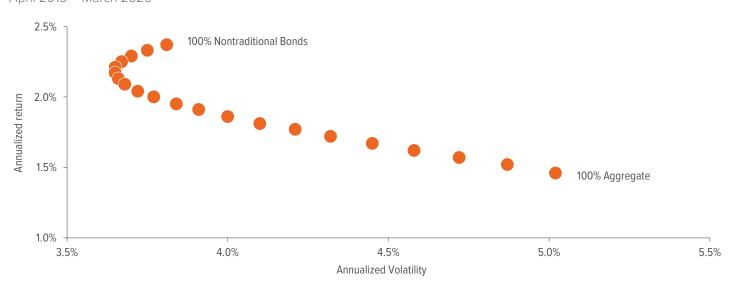
### A flexible addition to core bond

- Driven by opportunity, not by benchmark
- 2. In pursuit of attractive long-term risk-adjusted return
- 3. Attractive yield with less duration

Strengthen a traditional core bond allocation with a flexible, well disciplined unconstrained bond fund. The complementary allocations can help improve diversification, increase yield and reduce interest rate risk.

### Attractive risk/return potential

April 2015 - March 2025



As of 03/31/25. Source: Morningstar Direct, Bloomberg Index Services Ltd., Voya IM. Aggregate (representing a core bond allocation) is the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (the Agg). Nontraditional is the Morningstar® Nontraditional Bond Fund category average. Each dot on the frontier represents a 5% change in portfolio allocation between Agg and nontraditional bonds.

<sup>1</sup> Overall Morningstar ratings 4 stars, 260 funds; 3-year rating 3 stars, 260 funds; 5-year rating 3 stars, 238 funds; 10-year rating 4 stars, 167 funds. The Overall Morningstar Rating<sup>™</sup> for a fund is derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its three-, five- and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating metrics. Ratings do not take into account the effects of sales charges and loads. **Additional information is available at the end of this document.** 

An investor should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the Fund(s) carefully before investing. For a free copy of the Fund's prospectus, or summary prospectus, which contains this and other information, visit www.voyainvestments.com or call (800) 992-0180. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.



The Voya Strategic Income Opportunities Fund seeks to provide consistent returns in all market environments by diversifying broadly across global debt markets independent of a traditional benchmark.<sup>2</sup>

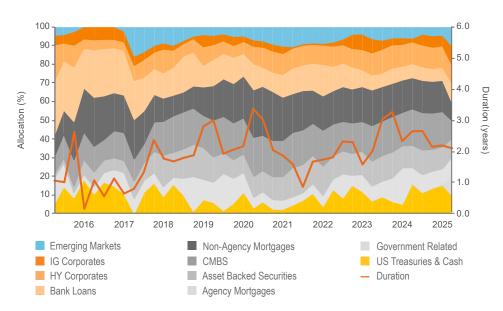
## 1. Driven by opportunity, not by benchmark

By using its flexibility the Voya Strategic Income Opportunities Fund has navigated across a range of environments - adjusting issuer, sector and duration exposures as market conditions change.

# 2. In pursuit of attractive long-term risk-adjusted returns

While the Fund takes an unconstrained approach, all portfolio construction decisions are constrained by a risk budget in line with the historical volatility of traditional fixed income to ensure a focus on maximizing long-term risk-adjusted returns.

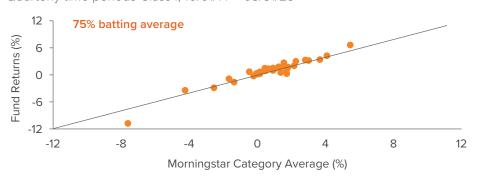
### Dynamic active management responsive to market conditions



As of 03/31/25. Source: Voya Investment Management. All characteristics as a percentage of the fund's total net assets. Holdings are subject to change. Totals may not add up to 100% due to rounding. Diversification does not assure a profit or protect against loss.

### Outperformance vs Nontraditional bond category average

Quarterly time periods Class I, 10/01/14 - 03/31/25



As of 03/31/25. Source: Morningstar. Based on quarterly observations. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

**Batting average** is a measure of a manager's ability to consistently beat the market. It is calculated by dividing the number of months in which the manager beat or matched an index by the total number of months in the period. For example, a manager who meets or outperforms the market every month in a given period would have a batting average of 100. A manager who beats the market half of the time would have a batting average of 50.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Diversification does not ensure a profit or protect against a loss in a declining market.

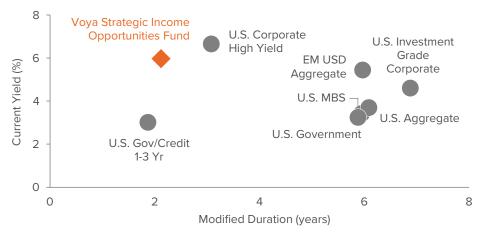
The firm relies upon quantitative models for certain investment strategies in developed currency markets.

### 3.

### Attractive yield with less duration

Our broad specialization across the spectrum has allowed us to produce attractive yield without increasing interest rate risk sensitivity or reaching too far down the quality spectrum. The Fund maintains an investment grade effective average credit quality.

### Historically attractive yield without extending duration



As of 03/31/25. Source: Voya Investment Management and Bloomberg. Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Investment Grade Index (U.S. Investment Grade Corporate), Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index (U.S. Aggregate), Bloomberg U.S. Government Index (U.S. Government), Bloomberg U.S. MBS Index (U.S. MBS), Bloomberg U.S. Government/Credit 1-3 Year Index (U.S. Gov/Credit 1-3 Yr), Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index (U.S. Corporate High Yield), Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate Index (EM USD Aggregate). The SEC 30-Day Subsidized and Unsubsidized Yield for Class I are 5.57% as of 03/31/25.

Modified duration is a formula that expresses the measurable change in the value of a security in response to a change in interest rates. Current Yield is income earned over the previous 12 months divided by the current market price. SEC 30-Day Subsidized Yield (%) is a standardized yield calculation created by the SEC, it reflects the income earned during a 30-day period, after the deduction of the fund's net expenses (net of any expense waivers or reimbursements). SEC 30-Day Unsubsidized Yield(%) is a standardized yield calculation created by the SEC, it reflects the income earned during a 30-day period, after the deduction of the fund's gross expenses. Negative 30-Day SEC Yield results when accrued expenses of the past 30 days exceed the income collected during the past 30 days.

### Voya Strategic Income Opportunities Fund performance and expenses

Class A and Class I Average Annual Total Returns (performance may vary for other share classes)

|  |       |       |        |         |         |          | Expense ratio <sup>3</sup> |      |
|--|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|----------|----------------------------|------|
| As of 03/31/25 (%)   | QTD   | YTD   | 1 year | 3 years | 5 years | 10 years | Gross                      | Net  |
| Class A  | 1.78  | 1.78  | 6.77   | 3.59    | 4.51    | 3.05     | 0.88                       | 0.88 |
| Class A with sales charge <sup>4</sup>                       | -0.80 | -0.80 | 4.15   | 2.71    | 3.99    | 2.79     | 0.88                       | 0.88 |
| Class I  | 1.84  | 1.84  | 7.02   | 3.83    | 4.78    | 3.40     | 0.63                       | 0.63 |
| ICE BofA USD 3M Deposit Offered Rate Constant Maturity Index | 2.66  | 2.66  | 5.24   | 1.01    | 0.32    | 1.83     | _                          | _    |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Adviser has contractually agreed to limit expenses of the Fund. This expense limitation agreement excludes interest, taxes, investment-related costs, leverage expenses, and extraordinary expenses and may be subject to possible recoupment. Please see the Fund's prospectus for more information. The expense limits will continue through at least August 1, 2025. The Fund is operating under the contractual expense limits.

The performance quoted represents past performance and does not guarantee future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance information shown. The investment

return and principal value of an investment in the Portfolio will fluctuate, so that your shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. For performance information current to the most recent month-end, please visit www.voyainvestments.com. Returns for the other share classes will vary due to different charges and expenses. Performance assumes reinvestment of distributions and does not account for taxes.

The **Voya Strategic Income Opportunities Fund** discussed may be available to you as part of your employer sponsored retirement plan. There may be additional plan level fees resulting in personal performance to vary from stated performance. Please call your benefits office for more

information. Total investment return at net asset value has been calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value at the beginning of the period and a sale at net asset value at the end of the period; and assumes reinvestment of dividends, capital gain distributions and return of capital distributions/allocations, if any, in accordance with the provisions of the dividend reinvestment plan. Net asset value equals total Fund assets net of Fund expenses such as operating costs and management fees. Total investment return at net asset value is not annualized for periods less than one year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes maximum 2.50% sales charge.

### **Disclosures**

ICE BofA® indices used with permission, are provided "AS IS". without warranties, and with no liability. ICE BofA does not sponsor, endorse, review, or recommend Voya or its products or services. The ICE BofA U.S. Dollar 3-Month Deposit Offered Rate Constant Maturity Index is designed to track the performance of a synthetic asset paying LIBOR to a stated maturity. The index is based on the assumed purchase at par of a synthetic instrument having exactly its stated maturity and with a coupon equal to that day's fixing rate. That issue is assumed to be sold the following business day (priced at a yield equal to the current day rate) and rolled into a new instrument. The Standard and Poor's 500 Index is an unmanaged capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries. The **Bloomberg** U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is a widely recognized, unmanaged index of publicly issued investment grade U.S. Government, mortgage-backed, asset-backed and corporate debt securities. Investors cannot directly invest in an index. The Indexes do not reflect fees, brokerage commissions, taxes or other expenses of investing.

The strategy discussed may be available to you as part of your employer sponsored retirement plan. There may be additional plan level fees resulting in personal performance that varies from stated performance. Please call your benefits office for more information.

The Morningstar Rating™ for funds, or "star rating", is calculated for managed products (including mutual funds, variable annuity and variable life subaccounts, exchangetraded funds, closed-end funds, and separate accounts) with at least a three-year history. Exchange-traded funds and open-ended mutual funds are considered a single population for comparative purposes. It is calculated based on a Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure that accounts for variation in a managed product's monthly excess performance, placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The top 10% of products in each product category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars, and the bottom 10% receive 1 star. The Overall Morningstar Rating™ for a managed product is

derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its three-, five-, and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating\* metrics. The weights are: 100% three-year rating for 36-59 months of total returns, 60% five-year rating/40% three-year rating for 60-119 months of total returns, and 50% 10-year rating/30% five-year rating/20% three-year rating for 120 or more months of total returns. While the 10-year overall star rating formula seems to give the most weight to the 10-year period, the most recent three-year period actually has the greatest impact because it is included in all three rating periods. Rankings do not take sales loads into account.

Morningstar® Categories: Intermediate Core-Plus Bond Fund: funds investing primarily in corporate and other investmentgrade U.S. fixed-income issues and have an average duration of 3.5 to 6 years or (if duration is unavailable) an average effective maturity of four to 10 years. Nontraditional Bond Fund: funds that pursue strategies divergent in one or more ways from conventional practice in the broader bond-fund universe. Many funds in this group describe themselves as "absolute return" portfolios, which seek to avoid losses and produce returns uncorrelated with the overall bond market; they employ a variety of methods to achieve those aims. Another large subset are self-described "unconstrained" portfolios that have more flexibility to invest tactically across a wide swath of individual sectors, including high yield and foreign debt, and typically with very large allocations. Funds in the latter group typically have broad freedom to manage interest rate sensitivity, but attempt to tactically manage those exposures in order to minimize volatility. The category is also home to a subset of portfolios that attempt to minimize volatility by maintaining short- or ultra-short duration portfolios, but explicitly court significant credit and foreign bond market risk in order to generate high returns. Funds within this category often will use credit default swaps and other fixed income derivatives to a significant level within their portfolios. Bank Loan: funds investing primarily in floating-rate bank loans instead of bonds. In exchange for their credit risk, these loans offer high interest payments that typically float above a common short-term benchmark such as the London interbank offered rate, or LIBOR. High Yield Bond: funds investing primarily in U.S. high-income fixed-income securities where at least 65% or more of bond assets are not rated or are rated by a

major agency such as Standard & Poor's or Moody's at the level of BB (considered speculative for taxable bonds) and below. World Bond: funds that seek income by investing in fixed-income securities all over the world. Some funds invest exclusively outside the U.S., while others regularly invest in both U.S. and non-U.S. bonds. Short-Term Bond: funds investing primarily in corporate and other investment-grade U.S. fixed-income issues and have an average duration of one to 3.5 years or (if duration is unavailable) an average effective maturity of one to four years.

### Investment Risks

All investing involves risks of fluctuating prices and the uncertainties of rates of return and yield inherent in investing. You could lose money on your investment and any of the following risks, among others, could affect investment performance. The following principal risks are presented in alphabetical order which does not imply order of importance or likelihood: Bank Instruments; Company; Convertible Securities; Credit; Credit Default Swaps; Currency; Deflation: Derivative Instruments: Environmental, Social, and Governance (Fixed Income); Floating Rate Loans; Foreign (Non-U.S.) Investments/ Developing and Emerging Markets; High-Yield Securities: Inflation-Indexed Bonds: Interest in Loans; Interest Rate; Liquidity; Market; Market Capitalization; Market Disruption and Geopolitical; Mortgage- and/or Asset-Backed Securities; Other Investment Companies; Portfolio Turnover; Preferred Stocks; Prepayment and Extension; Securities Lending; Sovereign Debt; U.S. Government Securities and Obligations. Investors should consult the Portfolio's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information for a more detailed discussion of the Portfolio's risks.

The strategy employs a quantitative investment process. The process is based on a collection of proprietary computer programs, or models, that calculate expected return rankings based on variables such as earnings growth prospects, valuation, and relative strength.

Data imprecision, software or other technology malfunctions, programming inaccuracies and similar circumstances may impair the performance of these systems, which may negatively affect performance. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that the quantitative models used in managing the strategy will perform as anticipated or enable the strategy to achieve its objective.

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