Roth IRA Conversion Request Form (Internal) Between Voya Investment Management IRAs



Use this form to convert a traditional, SEP or SIMPLE (after the required two-year holding period) Individual Retirement Account ("IRA") within Voya. If establishing a new Roth IRA, attach a completed Roth Individual Retirement Account Application and Adoption Agreement. This form is not intended for initiating conversions from employer sponsored plans; 401(k) or 403(b) plans (contact your plan's administrator for instructions).

Effective January 1, 2018, a Roth IRA conversion cannot be recharacterized back to a traditional, SEP or SIMPLE IRA. A Roth IRA conversion is considered an irrevocable election which cannot be "reversed" or "corrected.

PARTICIPANT INFORMATION

Name	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	Social Security Number
Āddress		
City	State	Zip Code
Daytime Phone Number	E-mail Address	
DISTRIBUTION INSTRUCTIONS		
Indicate below the existing Voya IRA you wish to convert to a Voya Roth IRA.		
Existing Account Number:		
Type of Account: Traditional/Rollover IRA SEP-IRA SIMPLE Amount:	LE IRA (after the required two-year h	nolding period)
☐ Distribute entire account balance across all funds, (or)		
☐ Partial account conversion: \$		
Fund Name and Number	Dollar Ar	nount or Percentage
		Must equal 100%
TAX WITHHOLDING ELECTION		
A) Federal Withholding - Federal income tax will be withheld at the rate of 10% withholding rate of 0% below or have previously elected out of withholding. Ta may be receiving amounts that are not subject to withholding because they are excess withholding on the payments. If you elect to have no federal taxes withly withheld from your distribution, you may be responsible for payment of estimated withholding and estimated tax payments are not sufficient. You understand the different election with the Custodian.	ax will be withheld on the gross amo e excluded from gross income. This held from your distribution, or if you ated tax. You may incur penalties un	ount of the payment even though you withholding procedure may result in u do not have enough federal income tax der the estimated tax rules if your
☐ I elect federal income tax withholding of 0%, do not withhold federal in	come tax from my distributions.*	
☐ I elect federal income tax withholding of%. Must be a v	whole percent, you may elect any ra	te from 1% to 100%.*
See the attached Form W-4R Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Pawithholding" instructions. You may use these tables and instructions to		
*Generally, you can't elect less than 10% federal income tax withholding	.,	•

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withholding may require st your federal tax election. Vo payments. Please consult w	state of residence will determine your sta ate income tax to be withheld from paym oluntary states let individuals determine with a tax advisor or your state's tax autho will remain in effect until such time as you	nents if federal income taxes are wi whether they want state taxes with rity for additional information on yo	thheld or may mandate held. Some states have our state requirements.	a fixed amount regardless of no income tax on retirement
☐ I elect NOT TO have state tax withholding	state income tax withheld from my retire g).	ement account distributions (only f	or residents of states tha	at do not require mandatory
	ollowing dollar amount or percentage wi luntary state tax withholding).	thheld from my retirement accoun	t distribution for state ir	ncome taxes (for residents of
\$ c	or%			
NSTRUCTIONS FOR I	NVESTING CONVERTED PROCEE	DS		
New Roth IRA - Follo	ow the investment instructions provided	on the attached application.		
☐ Invest the proceeds	as follows into my existing Roth IRA: A	ccount Number:		
	Fund Name and Number		Dollar Amount	or Percentage
				 Must equal 100%
PARTICIPANT AUTHO	RIZATION			
oroceeds to purchase a cor Management, or any agent rely on this certification and may arise from the election ndemnified and held harm	t Management and the Custodian to mak oversion contribution into a Roth IRA. I ce of either of them, and that all decisions r d authorization without further investigat and agree that the Custodian, Voya Inve- less, for any tax, legal or other consequer I and agree to be legally bound by the tel	rtify that no tax or legal advice has egarding the elections made on th ion or inquiry. I expressly assume r stment Management, and their age nces of the election made on this fo	been given to me by th is form are my own. The esponsibility for any adv ents shall in no way be re	e Custodian, Voya Investment Custodian may conclusively verse consequences which esponsible, and shall be
Participant's Signature			Date	
Mail to the following:	First Class Mail:	Overnight Mail:		
	Voya Investment Management P.O. Box 534480 Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4480	Voya Investment Manager Attention: 534480 500 Ross Street 154-0520 Pittsburgh, PA 15262	nent	
		(800) 992-0180		

Substitute W-4R 2025 - Withholding Certificate for Nonperiodic Payments - For use with IRAs ONLY

Where instructed to provide your withholding election on "line 2" use the space provided on the attached form under "Federal Income Withholding Flection."

2025 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See below for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married	filing Separately	parately Married filing jointly or Qualifying surviving spouse		Head of household			
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more		
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%		
15,000	10%	30,000	10%	22,500	10%		
26,925	12%	53,850	12%	39,500	12%		
63,475	22%	126,950	22%	87,350	22%		
118,350	24%	236,700	24%	125,850	24%		
212,300	32%	424,600	32%	219,800	32%		
265,525	35%	531,050	35%	273,000	35%		
641,350*	37%	781,600	37%	648,850	37%		
*If married filing separately, use \$390,800 instead for this 37% rate.							

General Instructions: Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4R.

Purpose of form. Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See below for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment.

Caution: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments unless you enter a different rate on line 2. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" on line 2. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories .

Note: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2025, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" on line 2. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Specific Instructions

Line 2 - More withholding. If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate on line 2.

Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate on line 2 (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables above to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate on line 2. (See Example 2 below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate on line 2.

Examples. Assume the following facts for Examples 1 and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

Example 1. You expect your total income to be \$65,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$65,000, is greater than \$63,475 but less than \$118,350, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$85,000, is greater than \$63,475 but less than \$118,350, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" on line 2.

Example 2. You expect your total income to be \$61,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$61,000, is greater than \$26,925 but less than \$63,475, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$81,000 is greater than \$63,475 but less than \$118,350, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$2,475 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$63,475 less your total income of \$61,000 without the payment), and \$17,525 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$2,475 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$2,475 by 12% to get \$297. Multiply \$17,525 by 22% to get \$3,856. The sum of these two amounts is \$4,153. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 21% of the \$20,000 payment (\$4,153 divided by \$20,000). Enter "21" on line 2.